Batlivala & Karani



INITIATING COVERAGE

SMALL CAP

Share Data

| Market Cap. | RS 9.2bn (US\$ 144 mn) |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Price | Rs 484 |
| Target Price | Rs 700 |
| BSE Sensex | 26,425 |
| Reuters | ISIL.BO |
| Bloomberg | INST IN |
| 6M avg. daily tur | nover (US\$ mn) 0.4 |
| 52-week High/L | ow (Rs) 594/396 |
| Issued Shares | 19 mn |

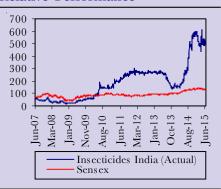
Valuation Ratios

| Yr to 31 Mar | FY15 | FY16E | FY17E |
|----------------------|------|-------|-------|
| EPS (Rs) | 28.8 | 37.2 | 52.7 |
| +/-(0/0) | 37.2 | 29.2 | 41.4 |
| PER(x) | 15.9 | 13.0 | 9.2 |
| $PBV\left(x\right)$ | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.0 |
| Dividend/Yield(% | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| EV/Sales(x) | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| EV/EBITDA(x) | 10.4 | 8.7 | 6.7 |

Shareholding Pattern (%)

| Promoters | 75 |
|-----------------|----|
| FIIs | 4 |
| MFs | 1 |
| BFSI's | 5 |
| Public & Others | 15 |

Relative Performance



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Attention is drawn to the disclaimer and other information on the last page

Insecticides India (BUY)

15 June 2015

Capex phase over; earnings growth to follow

Incorporated in 1996, Insecticides India Ltd. (IIL) is in the business of manufacturing of off-patent formulation and technicals. It has developed an integrated business model with captive consumption of technicals providing backward integration to formulation. IIL has an extensive portfolio of >120 products and boasts of a pan-India presence through its network of over 5,000 distributors, 60,000 dealers and 29 depots. Formulations contributed 83% to revenues while technicals sold outside contributed 17% to revenues in FY15.

| Year to March | FY14 | FY15 | FY16E | FY17E | CAGR (%) |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|
| P&L data (Rs mn) | | | | | FY15-17E |
| Revenue | 8,641 | 9,642 | 11,544 | 13,680 | 19.1 |
| EBITDA | 818 | 1,111 | 1,397 | 1,748 | 25.4 |
| Adjusted net profit | 399 | 549 | 709 | 1,002 | 35.1 |
| Margin (%) | | | | | |
| EBITDA | 9.5 | 11.5 | 12.1 | 12.8 | NA |
| Adjusted net profit | 4.6 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 7.3 | NA |
| Balance sheet (Rs mn) | | | | | |
| Total assets | 7,914 | 9,208 | 10,177 | 11,195 | NA |
| Shareholders' funds | 2,466 | 2,926 | 3,568 | 4,497 | NA |
| Per share data (Rs) | | | | | |
| EPS | 21.0 | 28.8 | 37.2 | 52.7 | 35.1 |
| CEPS | 24.5 | 36.3 | 45.5 | 61.6 | 30.2 |
| Returns (%) | | | | | |
| RoCE | 16.2 | 17.5 | 19.4 | 22.4 | 13.3 |
| RoE | 17.4 | 20.3 | 21.8 | 24.8 | 10.5 |

- Over the last three years, IIL has incurred capex of ~Rs 2 bn to expand its capacities at Dahej. Dahej is likely to boost IIL's manufacturing capabilities towards high value technicals and help IIL vertically integrate its existing brand formulations on some technicals. IIL has also secured 4 new registrations approval over FY14 and FY15 imazethapyr, diafenthiuron, bifenthrin and buprofezin which provide significant scale-up opportunities.
- On formulations side, introduction of off patented products through reverse engineering, label extensions, ramp-up in specialty molecules portfolio and focus on developing Navratna and Super-11 category are likely to result in sustained growth over FY15-17.
- O We initiate coverage on IIL with a Buy rating and a target price of Rs 700 based on 13xFY17E earnings. We have modelled for topline/bottomline CAGR of 19%/35% CAGR over FY15-17E. With capex phase now over, we expect RoE/RoCEs to improve by 450/500 bps, respectively, to 24.8%/22.4% in FY17E. IIL is currently trading at ~40% discount to domestic peers. We expect valuation gap to narrow down going forward.

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| Index | Page No. |
|------------------------------|----------|
| Investment arguments | 3 |
| Investment concerns | 12 |
| Business background | |
| Financial statement analysis | |
| Outlook and valuation | |
| Detailed financials | 20 |

Investment arguments

IIL is well poised to capitalise on the growth opportunities through expansion in domestic market (branded formulations, Dahej ramp-up, and expansion of specialty portfolio) and entry into exports market.

Branded formulations growth strategy revolves around the following:

• Introduction of off-patented products through new registrations: IIL has embarked on a strategy of continuously launching new products through reverse engineering of molecules. Over the last five years, IIL has cumulatively launched 16 molecules (incl. specialty molecules) which have helped to sustain growth momentum. Going forward, it plans to continuously launch few molecules every year.

Launch of products by IIL (FY08-15)

| Year of launch | No. of products | Product name |
|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| FY08 | 5 | NA |
| FY09 | 5 | NA |
| FY10 | 7 | NA |
| FY11 | 3 | NA |
| FY12 | 8 | Pulsor |
| FY13 | 3 | Hakama, Nuvan |
| FY14 | 2 | Xplode, Logo |
| FY15 | 0 | NA |

• Expand current brands through label extensions: Apart from new launches, IIL has also identified its own existing molecules which have strong brand recall. Through this strategy, IIL leverages on the brand recall of its molecules and creates new opportunities across different crops. IIL owns umbrella brand 'Tractor Brand', which is well recognised in farming community. IIL has extended its major brands—Lethal and Victor in this manner. Lethal and Victor both feature in IIL's top molecules portfolio "Navratna".

Key brands and its extensions are as:

Lethal: Lethal super, Lethal Super 550, Lethal advance, Lethal TC, Lethal 50TC, Lethal RTU and Lethal DP.

Victor: Victor super, Victor plus.

Launch of molecules through international collaboration: Initially, IIL was present primarily into generics and was doing reasonably well through its strategy of acquiring established brands and re-launching it. However, management realised that though this strategy was working in generating topline growth, however margins remained a laggard due to portfolio being a generic one. Hence, in order to boost its margin profile, IIL entered into in-licencing of innovative molecules with the launch of Thimet in collaboration with AMVAC in FY07. Relationship with AMVAC also led to launch of Nuvan in FY13. Meanwhile, IIL also got two new products – Hakama and Pulsor from Nissan Chemicals, Japan in FY13. IIL has also entered into a joint venture with Otsuka Agritech to develop new molecules and established a new R&D centre in Chopanki, Rajasthan. IIL holds ~30% voting right in the venture and expects to invent 4-5 new molecules in the next five years.

Tie-up with AMVAC: IIL has a technology tie-up with US-based company AMVAC – American Vanguard Corporation. AMVAC is a diversified specialty and agricultural product company which focuses on crop protection, turf and ornamental markets and public health applications.

<u>Tie-up with Nissan Chemicals</u>: IIL has an exclusive marketing tie-up with Japan-based Nissan Chemicals. Nissan is a chemical manufacturing company engaged in business segments of industrial chemicals, agri chemicals, fertilisers and medicinal drug business.

Molecules sourced through international collaborations

| Brands | Category | Technical name | Partner | Since | Nature of agreement | Crops | FY15 sales (Rs mn) | % of domestic formulation sales |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-------|---|--|--------------------------|--|
| Thimet | Insecticide | Phorate 10% CG | AMVAC, USA | 2006 | IIL is responsible for manufacturing, marketing and distribution of Thimet in India, Largest product for IIL | _ | 774 | 10.7 |
| Nuvan | Insecticide | Dichlorvos 76% EC | AMVAC, USA | 2011 | IIL is responsible for manufacturing, marketing and distribution of Nuvan in India | Various crops | 602 | 8.3 |
| Hakama | Herbicide | Quizalofop- ethyl 5% EC | Nissan chemicals | 2012 | Marketing of their popular weedicide product under the brand name HAKAMA in India | Soyabean, cotton, groundnut, blackgram, onion, jute | 281 | 3.9 |
| Pulsor | Fungicide | Thifluzamide 24% SC | Nissan chemicals | 2012 | IIL has rights for marketing of Nissan's product – Pulsor in India | Rice | 276 | 3.8 |

Thimet – Thimet is an insecticide launched in 2006 under a technical collaboration with AMVAC, USA. Technical for Thimet is now manufactured in-house by IIL. Product is manufactured and marketed exclusively by IIL in India.

Nuvan – Nuvan was launched in FY13 again under technical collaboration with AMVAC, USA. Technical for Nuvan is also now manufactured in-house by IIL.

Thimet and Nuvan in India are amongst the most successful products under the 'Tractor' brand of the company. Collectively, both contributed Rs 1.3 bn in FY15.

Hakama – Hakama has been sourced from Nissan and competes with Targa Super of Dhanuka Agritech.

Pulsor – Pulsor is a patented fungicide.

Hakama and Pulsor have also performed well. Collectively, both contributed to the tune of Rs 557 mn in FY15 and expected to grow at >20% YoY going forward.

Ramp-up in molecules sourced through international collaboration

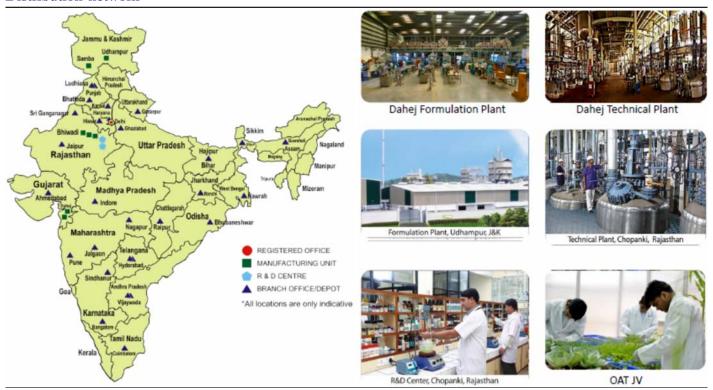
| (Rs mn) | FY13 | FY14 | FY15 | FY16E | FY17E |
|--|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Revenues | 898 | 1,585 | 1,933 | 2,320 | 2,784 |
| % contribution to branded formulation revenues | 17.4 | 23.0 | 26.7 | 27.7 | 29.3 |

• Leverage strong distribution network: IIL's integrated business model is well-complemented through a wide reach of over 60,000 dealers, 5,000+ distributors and 29 depots. Wide distribution network is extremely critical to achieve success in the domestic agrochemicals market and IIL's aggressive marketing strategies positions it amongst the top 6-8 domestic players by way of distribution reach.

IIL also engages in significant on-the-ground farmer engagement activities. Last year, IIL started an initiative namely – Hamari Fasal Hamari Santaan – to recognise and assert the role of the farmers and the responsibility on their shoulders. This campaign will focus on training and development of the farmers in all parts of the country, updating them about the latest technologies, benefits of crop rotation like growing three crops in a year, incomebenefits of cash crops, right use of agro chemicals, and latest in the industry.

Insecticides is also actively involved with farmers through its activities like "Jagrukta Abhiyan" and "Doctor Dada" campaign, in disseminating knowledge on effective and efficient use of products which helps in having product acceptance of its products.

Distribution network



Source: Company, B&K Research

Evolving strategy – focus on Navratna/Super 11 products

IIL has changed its strategy from focussing on its whole portfolio to ~20-25 products. It has categorised its main brands under – Navratna and Super 11. Navratna category comprises of IIL's top selling 9 products while Super 11 comprises of the next 11 products. IIL has internally devised a strategy to render disproportionate marketing investment/focus on these identified brands as the margins and growth trajectory is significantly better than the blended portfolio which is skewed towards generics. IIL's internal target is to achieve 50% and 25% of the total branded sales from Navratna and Super 11 portfolio of brands, respectively. In FY15, Navratna and Super 11 contributed 53% and 15% of the total branded sales.

Navratna portfolio

| Brand name | Technical | Category | Crops | % contribution to |
|----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--|-------------------|
| | | | | formulation |
| | | | | revenues in FY15 |
| Monocil | Monocrotophos 36% SL | Insecticide | Wide range of crops | 6.6 |
| Victor | Imidacloprid 17.8% SL | Insecticide | Cotton, paddy, vegetables and sugarcane. | 5.2 |
| Lethal | Chlorpyriphos 20% EC | Insecticide | Wide range of food crops, oil seeds, pulses, fibre crops, plantation and fruit and vegetables. | 7.1 |
| Thimet | Phorate 10% CG | Insecticide | Wide range of crops | 10.7 |
| Nuvan | Dichlorvos 76% EC | Insecticide | Wide range of crops | 8.3 |
| Hakama | Quizalofop-ethyl 5% EC | Herbicide | Soyabean, groundnut, cotton and jute | 3.9 |
| Pulsor | Thifluzamide 24% SC | Fungicide | Rice | 3.8 |
| Hijack | Glyphosate 41% SL | Herbicide | Wide range of plants | 4.4 |
| Flite | Ammonium salt of glyphosate 71% SG | Herbicide | _ | 1.1 |
| Pluto/Xplode | Emamectin benzoate 5% SG | Insecticide | Wide range of crops | 2.1 |
| Total contribu | tion | | | 53.3 |

Super 11 category

| Brand name | Technical | Category | % contribution to |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------------|
| | | | formulation |
| | | | revenues in FY15 |
| Logo/Gama | Diafenthiuron 50% WP | Insecticide | 3.2 |
| Selector/Select | Imazethapyr 10% SL | Herbicide | 1.3 |
| Metro | Lambda-cyhalothrin 4.9% CS | Insecticid | 0.5 |
| Indan | Cartap Hydrochloride 50% SP | Insecticide | 2.8 |
| Phentom | Buprofezin 25% SC | Insecticide | 0.8 |
| Super star | Bifenthrin 10% EC | Insecticide | 1.3 |
| Arrow | Thiamethoxam 25% WG | Insecticide | 1.4 |
| Sharp | Acetamiprid 20% SP | Insecticide | 1.8 |
| Streptomil | Streptomycin sulphate + Tetracycline hydrochloride 9:1 SP | Fungicide | 0.4 |
| Sargent | Fipronil 5% SC | Insecticide | 1.2 |
| Avon plus/Avone | Hexaconazole 5% SC | Fungicide | 0.8 |
| Total contribution | | | 15.3 |

Details of key brands

Lethal

It is an insecticide and is used for the control of chewing and sucking insects on a wide range of food crops, oil seeds, pulses, fibre crops, plantation and fruit and vegetables.

Victor

It is an insecticide and is used to control sucking pest, hoppers and termites in cotton, paddy, vegetables and sugarcane.

Monocil

It is a systemic insecticide cum acaricide with contact and stomach action which controls broad spectrum of pests in a wide range of crops.

Hijack

It is a herbicide with a technical – glyphosate 41% SL. It is used to control weeds in utility rights – of-way, on roadsides, along railways, around sidewalks and gardens.

Flite

It is a herbicide based on technical – ammonium salt of glyphosate 71% SG.

Pluto

It is a broad spectrum insecticide to act on various pests in various crops. It is based on technical emamectin benzoate.

Xplode

It is a broad spectrum insecticide launched in FY14. It controls bollworms in gram, cotton, vegetables, pulses and help in increasing yields. It is based on technical emamectin benzoate 5% SG.

Diversified product basket helps to cater various crops and act as onestop-shop

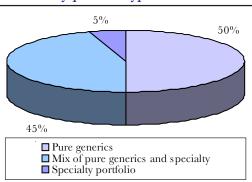
IIL boasts of a diversified product portfolio comprising >120 products spread across insecticides, herbicides, fungicides and plant growth regulators (PGR). Though insecticides contribute the largest chunk with 64% of revenues, the company has been trying to strengthen its herbicides portfolio whose current contribution is 23%. Fungicides account for 10% of revenues while the remaining 2% is contributed by PGRs.

IIL generates \sim 50% of revenues from pure generics, 45% of revenues from mix of pure generics and specialty products and 5% of revenues from specialty portfolio.

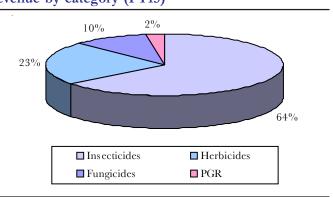
Margin profile of these categories are -

- **Pure generics** commands EBITDA margin of 5-7% with >20 competitors.
- **Mix of pure generics and specialty** commands EBITDA margin of 15-18%. Example of this category is Super 11 products.
- **Specialty products** commands EBITDA margin of 30-35% after two years of launch.

Revenue mix by product type

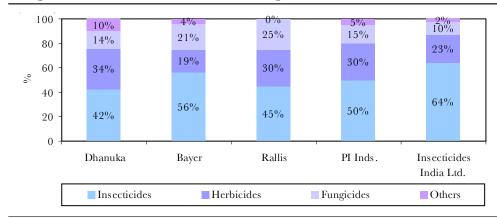


Revenue by category (FY15)



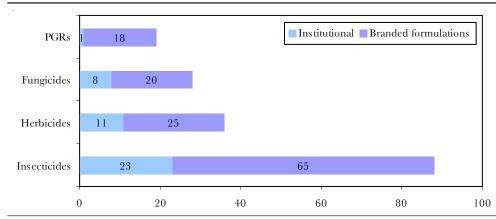
Source: Company, B&K Research

Comparison of IIL's revenue stream with peers



Source: Company, B&K Research

Large portfolio across multiple crops



Source: Company, B&K Research

Total registrations held by IIL: 348 (as at 31st December 2014)

| Branded & bulk | Technicals | |
|--------------------|-------------------|---|
| formulations | | |
| Manufacturing: 198 | Manufacturing: 41 | Additionally, 4 registrations for export, |
| Import : NA | Import :18 | 12 registrations for formulations and 3 |
| Export: 49 | Export: 42 | registrations for active ingredients are |
| | | pending with the CIB. |

New product introductions help to sustain growth momentum

Since FY08, IIL has launched 33 products. Of the products launched recently, Pulsor, Hakama and Nuvan have received encouraging response from the market.

New product launches over the last few years

| Year | Brand | Technical | Category | Generic/ | Tech. |
|------|--------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|
| | | | | Specialty | Partner |
| FY12 | Pulsor | Thifluzamide 24% SC | Fungicide | Specialty | Nissan Chemicals |
| FY13 | Hakama | Quizalofop-ethyl 5% EC | Herbicide | Specialty | Nissan Chemicals |
| FY13 | Nuvan | Dichlorvos 76% EC | Insecticide | Specialty | AMVAC |
| FY14 | Xplode | Emamectin benzoate 5% SG | Insecticide | Generic | _ |
| | Logo | Diafenthiuron 50% WP | Insecticide | Generic | _ |

Below we highlight key product characteristics of new launches -

Pulsar

It is a patented fungicide launched in FY12 under a marketing arrangement with Nissan Chemicals. Pulsar contains thifluzamide and it checks the Rhizoctonia fungus, which causes fungal disease sheath blight in rice.

Hakama

It is a herbicide launched in FY13 under a marketing arrangement with Nissan Chemicals. It is used in major crops like soyabean, groundnut, cotton and jute to control narrow weeds. It is similar to Targa Super, Dhanuka's top grosser and competes with it.

Nuvan

It is an insecticide launched in FY13 under a technical arrangement with AMVAC. Product is manufactured and marketed by IIL. It is used in all major crops and is effective against aphids, spider mites, caterpillars, thrips, waterflies and mushroom flies.

Xplode

It is a broad spectrum insecticide launched in FY14. It controls bollworms in gram, cotton, vegetables, pulses and help in increasing yields.

Logo

It is a broad spectrum insecticide launched in FY14.

Mycoraja

It is a mycorrhiza-based nutrient mobilising bio-fertiliser launched in FY14. It functions through mycorrhiza — a fungus that stays put onto the plant roots and forms a symbolic relationship with them. It aids the plant towards better nutrient absorption and promotes resistance towards various diseases and infections thereby increase yields. It caters to major crops — wheat, cotton, pulses, oilseed, mustard and rapeseeds.

R&D joint venture with Otsuka to drive new molecule introductions over medium-long-term

IIL set up R&D centre at Chopanki (Rajasthan) in collaboration with Japanese company Otsuka AgriTechno (OAT) with an investment of Rs 400 mn (US\$ 6.5 mn) in 2012. OAT provides the technology and research know-how and the joint venture mainly focuses on new agrochemicals. IIL will have the exclusive right to develop, productise and commercialise the new products in specified territories. Over the longer term, this will help in substituting low value products with high value products and thus leading to expansion in margins.

The joint venture has got approval for 1 product patent and has so far filed 8 process patents. Approved patent is for the preparation process of acetamiprid, an insecticide to control pests. In terms of pipeline, it has successfully identified more than 10 processes.

Backward integrated player; increasing expertise in chemistry to drive growth in technicals

IIL started manufacturing of technicals in 2007 and today boasts of two plants- Chopanki set up in FY08 and Dahej set up in FY13. Around 18 off patent technicals are being manufactured by IIL.

Insecticides – Lambdacyhalothrin, Fipronil, Imidacloprid, Thiamethoxam, Dichlorvos, Chlorpyriphos, Bifenthrin.

Herbicides – Glyphosate, Sulfosulfuron, Methsulfuron Methyl.

Fungicides – Thiophanate Methyl.

IIL's technicals segment is likely to witness strong growth momentum going forward driven by increase in number of registrations. IIL currently has ~41 approved technicals registration, 5-6 pending technicals registrations and 16 process patents (incl. 1 approved). Recently, IIL has also got registration approval for 4 technicals over the last two years – imazethapyr (herbicide), diafenthiuron (insecticide), bifenthrin (insecticide) and buprofezin (insecticide) – which would significantly enhance the scale up of technicals segment. Launch of these new technicals would also help IIL to move up the value chain as these are high-priced technicals.

IIL manufactures ~6-7 technicals at Chopanki while Dahej manufactures ~11-12 technicals.

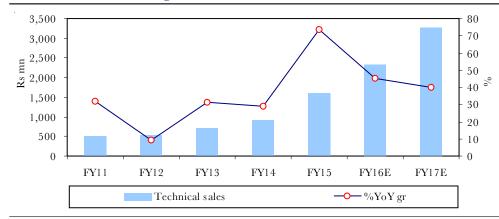
Dahej - key catalyst for next leg of earnings growth

IIL commercialised the formulation block in Dahej during 4QFY12 while the technical synthesis plant was operationalised in early FY14. Dahej facility is spread over >30 acres with total manufacturing capacity of 10,000 mtpa and has been set up at an investment cost of Rs 1.7 bn.

Dahej is likely to -

- Boost IIL's manufacturing capabilities towards high value technicals and help the company
 vertically integrate its existing brand formulations on some of the technicals. Dahej will
 incrementally add Diafenthuron and Monocrotophos to IIL's technicals portfolio.
- Capacity utilisation at Dahej is likely to improve going forward. FY15 capacity utilisation improved to 65% compared to 35% in FY14. In FY13/FY14, Dahej incurred EBITDA losses due to its under-utilisation, however, in FY15 Dahej reported improved performance. FY15 Dahej production stood at Rs 4.6 bn including Rs 1.7 bn of captive consumption. Dahej margins are currently in single digits but are expected to improve in FY16 and FY17.
- Dahej will help IIL to reduce outside dependence of technicals. Currently, of the total technicals raw materials cost, 1/3rd is manufactured in-house while 2/3rd is procured from outside. Going forward, with ramp-up in Dahej facility, IIL expects its in house technicals consumption to increase which will lead to improvement in margins.
- Apart from Dahej, IIL has an existing technicals plant at Chopanki in Rajasthan which was established in FY08. IIL's technicals revenues (sold outside) stood at Rs 1.6 bn in FY15. With ramp-up in Dahej, we expect IIL's technicals revenues (sold outside) to increase at a CAGR of 43% to Rs 3.3 bn by FY17E. Revenue contribution from technicals is likely to increase to 23.7% by FY17E compared to 16.6% in FY15.

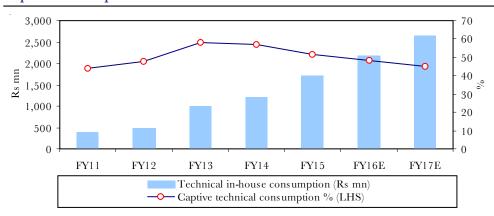
Technical revenues and growth % YoY from FY11-17E



Source: Company, B&K Research

 Of the total technicals being made by IIL currently, ~55% is consumed in-house. With ramp-up in Dahej facility, we expect in-house consumption as a % of total technicals to reduce while proportion of technicals sold outside to increase.

Captive consumption of Technicals



Source: Company, B&K Research

Margins are also likely to improve going forward as IIL uses more of in-house technicals
and reduces its dependence on outside raw materials. Further, augmentation of IIL's
technicals capacities towards high-value items are likely to result in margin improvement.

Infrastructure in place; business has the potential to take-off over medium term

IIL currently is predominantly a domestic generics player with $\sim 90\%$ of the revenues coming in from domestic market. However, management is working on improving exports through the following strategies –

- It plans to focus on select high growth emerging markets for branded formulations/ technicals.
- Dahej facility is close to port and well-suited to cater to exports market.
- Surplus capacity has been set-up and is available to cater to any exports demand going forward.
- Leverage R&D capabilities and manufacturing base for CRAMS opportunity.

Investment concerns

- **Dependence on monsoons in domestic business:** Indian agriculture is still heavily dependent on monsoons. Consequently, agri-inputs consumption tends to get influenced due to weather patterns which impacts sowing. Poor/delayed/erratic rainfall can impact sowing patterns which in turn will put pressure on agri-inputs consumption and delay receivables cycle in the domestic market. IIL is predominantly a domestic agrochemicals player currently hence high exposure to domestic monsoons is a key risk.
- Regulatory risks in domestic market: Any rejection or delay in approval in registration process would impact launch of new products and thus revenue growth trajectory going forward.
- **Currency movement:** IIL imports ~30% of raw material hence remaining vulnerable to currency movements in short term. The company has a policy to hedge 25% at the time of buying the material.
- Lower margins and higher working capital requirements: Due to inherent characteristic of generics being more of push products rather than pull, IIL continues to have higher inventory and receivable days which puts pressure on working capital. Generic players don't enjoy any pricing power and thus lower gross/EBITDA margins.

Net working capital cycle

| | 2 | | | | |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| (Days) | FY11 | FY12 | FY13 | FY14 | FY15 |
| Dhanuka Agritech | 169 | 163 | 166 | 167 | 150 |
| Bayer CropScience | 76 | 82 | 87 | 77 | 88 |
| Rallis India | 23 | 31 | 45 | 40 | 71 |
| PI Industries | 107 | 106 | 84 | 65 | 77 |
| UPL | 113 | 134 | 105 | 101 | 103 |
| Insecticides India | 87 | 121 | 125 | 100 | 132 |

Business background

Insecticides India Ltd. (IIL) is in the business of manufacturing formulation and technical grade products. It was originally incorporated as Insecticides (India) Private Limited on 18th December 1996. Subsequently, it was converted into public limited company. It acquired brands from Montari Industries Ltd., a Ranbaxy group company in 2003.

Insecticides has four formulation plants in Chopanki (Rajasthan), Udhampur (J&K), Samba (J&K) and Dahej (Gujarat) and has two technical synthesis plants at Chopanki (Rajasthan) and Dahej (Gujarat). The R&D centre of the company is based out of Chopanki in Rajasthan. Currently, IIL has a capacity to produce 59,250 mts of formulations and 11,800 mts of technicals. It has an extensive portfolio of >120 products constituting of insecticides, herbicides.

It has an extensive portfolio of >120 products constituting of insecticides, herbicides, fungicides and plant growth regulators (PGRs) among others and 15 technical products. It has a pan-India presence through its network of over 4,800 distributors, more than 60,000 dealers and 25 depots across the country.

Of the total revenue, 87% was contributed by formulations and 13% by technicals in FY15.

Details of facilities

| Unit | Commenced operation | Investment (Rs mn) |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|
| Chopanki, Rajasthan (Unit I – Formulations) | FY02 | 286 |
| Chopanki, Rajasthan (Unit II – Technicals) | FY08 | 125 |
| Chopanki, Rajasthan (Unit III – Formulations) | FY15 | NA |
| Samba, J&K (Formulations) | FY05 | 134 |
| Udhampur, J&K (Formulation) | FY12 | 105 |
| Dahej, Gujarat (Formulation) | FY12 | 555 |
| Dahej, Gujarat (Technical synthesis) | FY13 | 1,200 |
| R&D unit (OAT JV) | FY14 | 400 |

Management profile

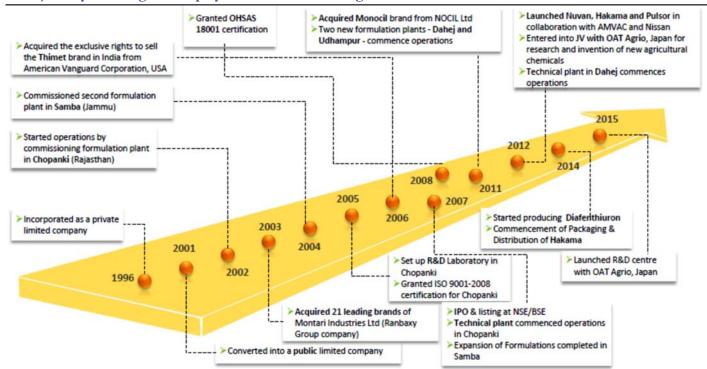
Mr Hari Chand Aggarwal, Chairman

He has more than 30 years of experience in the pesticide industry and has been instrumental in guiding the board in formulation of strategy and planning. Mr Hari Chand Aggarwal belongs to a business family of Delhi. In 1972, he had set up a partnership firm in the name of Hindustan Pulverizing Mills to carry on the business of manufacturing, marketing and trading of pesticides products. During his tenure with HIM pulverizing, he was involved in all the major activities, including procurement, marketing and finance. He was awarded Udyog Bharti award on 16th February 2004 by Indian Achievers Forum, New Delhi. He has been the president of Northern India Pesticides Manufacturing Association (NIPMA) for more than 5 terms. He was also a director of Crop Care Federation of India (CCFI).

Mr Rajesh Aggarwal, MD

He has more than 10 years experience in the pesticide industry and handles day-to-day operations of company. He is a commerce graduate and has good knowledge of production and marketing of pesticides. He joined M/s HIM pulverizing mills ltd in 1993 and continued till 2001 where he looked after production and marketing. During his tenure, revenues increased from Rs 120 mn in 1993 to Rs 800 mn in 2000. He promoted IIL in 1996 and was appointed MD of the company in November 2006.

IIL's journey from a generics player to a backward integrated manufacturer



Source: Company

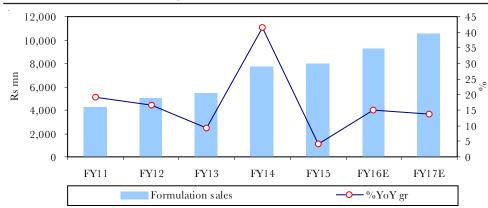
Financial statement analysis

Expect revenues to post a CAGR of 19% over FY15-17E

We expect revenues to grow driven by new products launches in formulation business, rampup in newly launched products, improving utilisation at Dahej and new technical registrations secured.

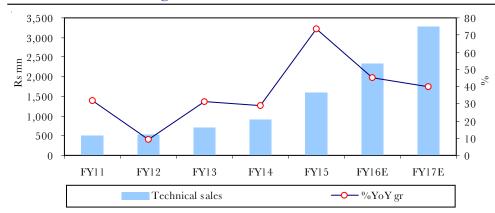
- From FY15-17E, we model formulations topline CAGR of 14%. Formulations growth strategy centres around introduction of off patented products through new registrations, expand current brands through label extensions, ramp-up of specialty molecules and focus on Navratna/Super 11 products.
- On the technicals side, we expect technical revenues to post a CAGR of 43%. Technicals
 growth is likely to be driven by ramp-up in capacity utilisation of Dahej and contribution
 from newly approved technicals.

Formulation revenues and growth % YoY



Source: Company, B&K Research

Technical revenues and growth % YoY



Source: Company, B&K Research

Net sales and growth % YoY



Source: Company, B&K Research

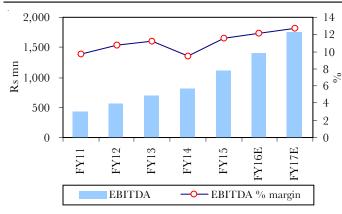
EBITDA margins likely to improve by 130 bps to 12.8% by FY17E; PAT CAGR of 35% over FY15-17E

We expect IIL's EBITDA to increase at a CAGR of 25% over FY15-17E. EBITDA margins are likely to improve driven by –

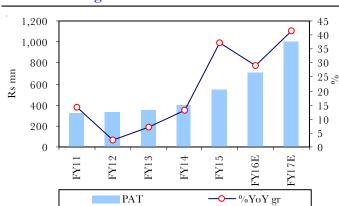
- Focus on Navratna and Super 11 portfolio which carry higher margins.
- Increasing the contribution of specialty molecules portfolio.
- Reducing the contribution of generics which carry comparatively lower margins.
- · Ramp-up in Dahej.
- · Launch of new technicals.

PAT is likely to increase at a CAGR of 35%. Our EPS stands at Rs 37.2/52.7 for FY16E/17E, respectively.

EBITDA and EBITDA margin



PAT and PAT growth

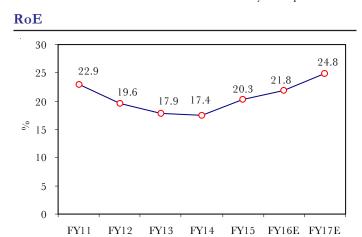


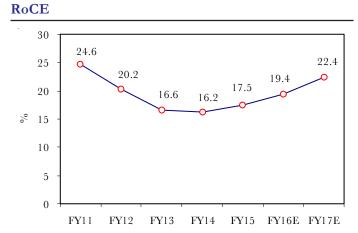
Source: Company, B&K Research

FCFF generation to improve; RoE/RoCE likely to improve by 450/500 bps

IIL has already incurred Rs 2 bn of capex in the last few years led by the set-up of Dahej facility which was primarily funded through debt. Dahej is currently in the ramp-up stage and management's entire focus is to scale-up Dahej and leverage the capex that has been done of this facility. Going forward, IIL does not foresee any major capex over the next couple of years. With limited capex envisaged over the next few years, IIL's FCFF generation is set to improve. Most of the capex will be limited to maintenance capex which is expected to be in the range of Rs 200-250 mn p.a. We expect net debt/equity to reduce from to by FY17E.

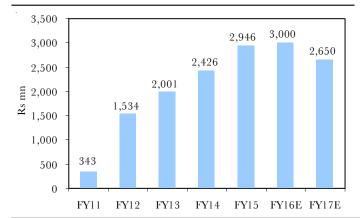
RoCE declined during FY11-14 period due to investments undertaken in Dahej. However, going forward we expect RoCE to improve from 17.5% in FY15 to 22.4% in FY17E and RoE is likely to improve from 20.3% in FY15 to 24.8% in FY17E.



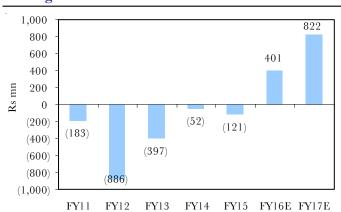


Source: Company, B&K Research

Debt



FCFF generation



Source: Company, B&K Research

Outlook and valuation

After a period of capex, IIL is now well-positioned to leverage on its expanded capacities, strong chemistry expertise, wide distribution network and strengthening relationship with MNC partners. Ramp-up in Dahej, expanding specialty portfolio, new registrations and backward integration are likely to support earnings growth. With capex behind, RoE/RoCEs are set to improve over FY15-17E. We remain positive on IIL's earnings growth trajectory and improving financial metrics. IIL is currently trading at ~30-40% discount to one-year forward average P/E of agrochemicals industry. We expect part of this valuation gap to narrow down gradually going forward. We recommend Buy with a target price of Rs 700 based on 13x FY17E earnings.

Valuation comparison

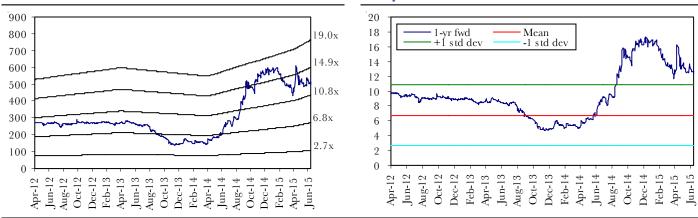
| | Mkt cap. | | Net sales (Rs mn) | | EBITDA margin (%) | | | P/B (x) | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|---------|-------------------|---------|-------------------|------|-------|---------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Comparison | (Rs mn) | FY14 | FY15E | FY16E | FY17E | FY14 | FY15E | FY16E | FY17E | FY14 | FY15E | FY16E | FY17E |
| Rallis | 43,386 | 17,466 | 18,218 | 20,725 | 23,935 | 15.6 | 15.5 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 4.6 | 3.8 |
| UPL | 224,608 | 105,805 | 119,111 | 132,597 | 147,743 | 18.4 | 19.8 | 20.3 | 20.7 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.7 |
| Dhanuka Agri | 29,281 | 7,384 | 7,851 | 9,181 | 10,675 | 16.3 | 16.8 | 17.5 | 18.2 | 3.8 | 10.1 | 6.7 | 5.3 |
| PI Industries | 83,870 | 15,955 | 19,403 | 22,879 | 27,304 | 18.1 | 19.2 | 19.7 | 20.4 | 5.5 | 9.2 | 7.4 | 5.8 |
| Bayer Crop | 137,321 | 31,462 | 36,145 | 42,665 | 49,918 | 12.9 | 13.8 | 14.4 | 14.8 | 3.4 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 4.8 |
| Insecticides India Ltd. (IIL) | 9,208 | 8,641 | 9,642 | 11,544 | 13,680 | 9.5 | 11.5 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 0.8 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.0 |

| | P/E (x) | | | EV/EBITDA (x) | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|---------------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Comparison | FY14 | FY15E | FY16E | FY17E | FY14 | FY15E | FY16E | FY17E |
| Rallis | 21.3 | 26.9 | 21.8 | 17.6 | 12.6 | 16.0 | 12.9 | 10.7 |
| UPL | 8.0 | 15.4 | 15.4 | 13.1 | 5.4 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 7.8 |
| Dhanuka Agri | 13.5 | 32.1 | 22.9 | 19.4 | 10.8 | 25.6 | 17.9 | 14.4 |
| PI Industries | 20.2 | 36.3 | 29.0 | 22.8 | 13.3 | 22.3 | 18.5 | 14.8 |
| Bayer Crop | 22.5 | 31.8 | 30.2 | 25.6 | 13.0 | 21.4 | 20.3 | 16.7 |
| Insecticides India Ltd. (IIL) | 4.7 | 15.9 | 13.0 | 9.2 | 5.1 | 10.4 | 8.7 | 6.7 |

| | | PAT (| Rs mn) | | EBITDA (Rs mn) | | | EPS | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Comparison | FY14 | FY15E | FY16E | FY17E | FY14 | FY15E | FY16E | FY17E | FY14 | FY15E | FY16E | FY17E |
| Rallis | 1,585 | 1,644 | 1,992 | 2,472 | 2,722 | 2,828 | 3,425 | 4,080 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 10.2 | 12.7 |
| UPL | 9,934 | 12,272 | 14,567 | 17,162 | 19,494 | 23,626 | 26,914 | 30,582 | 23.2 | 28.6 | 34.0 | 40.0 |
| Dhanuka Agri | 931 | 1,061 | 1,278 | 1,511 | 1,206 | 1,318 | 1,607 | 1,943 | 18.6 | 21.2 | 25.5 | 30.2 |
| PI Industries | 1,880 | 2,275 | 2,893 | 3,681 | 2,889 | 3,727 | 4,509 | 5,559 | 13.8 | 16.7 | 21.3 | 27.0 |
| Bayer Crop | 2,646 | 3,822 | 4,543 | 5,356 | 4,193 | 5,147 | 6,163 | 7,376 | 67.0 | 104.4 | 124.1 | 146.3 |
| Insecticides India Ltd. (IIL) | 399 | 549 | 709 | 1,002 | 818 | 1,111 | 1,397 | 1,748 | 21.0 | 28.8 | 37.2 | 52.7 |

PER Band

One-year forward PER



Source: B&K Research

Detailed financials

Income Statement

| Yr end 31 Mar (Rs mn) | Mar 12 | Mar 13 | Mar 14 | Mar 15 | Mar 16E | Mar 17E |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|----------|
| Net sales | 5,218 | 6,167 | 8,641 | 9,642 | 11,544 | 13,680 |
| Growth (%) | 15.9 | 18.2 | 40.1 | 11.6 | 19.7 | 18.5 |
| Operating expenses | (4,654) | (5,474) | (7,823) | (8,531) | (10, 147) | (11,932) |
| Operating profit | 564 | 693 | 818 | 1,111 | 1,397 | 1,748 |
| EBITDA | 564 | 693 | 818 | 1,111 | 1,397 | 1,748 |
| Growth (%) | 29.2 | 23.0 | 18.0 | 35.8 | 25.8 | 25.1 |
| Depreciation | (24) | (58) | (67) | (142) | (155) | (169) |
| Other income | 1 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| EBIT | 541 | 638 | 756 | 973 | 1,248 | 1,584 |
| Finance cost | (111) | (174) | (269) | (332) | (339) | (299) |
| Profit before tax | 429 | 464 | 487 | 642 | 909 | 1,284 |
| Tax (current + deferred) | (99) | (111) | (87) | (93) | (200) | (283) |
| P/(L) for the period | 330 | 353 | 399 | 549 | 709 | 1,002 |
| Reported Profit/(Loss) | 330 | 353 | 399 | 549 | 709 | 1,002 |
| Adjusted net profit | 330 | 353 | 399 | 549 | 709 | 1,002 |
| Growth (%) | 2.5 | 7.0 | 13.1 | 37.3 | 29.2 | 41.4 |

Balance Sheet

| Yr end 31 Mar (Rs mn) | Mar 12 | Mar 13 | Mar 14 | Mar 15 | Mar 16E | Mar 17E |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| Share capital | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 190 | 190 |
| Reserves & surplus | 1,695 | 1,995 | 2,339 | 2,799 | 3,378 | 4,306 |
| Shareholders' funds | 1,822 | 2,122 | 2,466 | 2,926 | 3,568 | 4,497 |
| Non-current liabilities | 441 | 457 | 481 | 738 | 701 | 651 |
| Long-term borrowings | 383 | 301 | 302 | 537 | 500 | 450 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 58 | 156 | 179 | 201 | 201 | 201 |
| Current liabilities | 2,941 | 3,743 | 4,967 | 5,544 | 5,909 | 6,048 |
| ST borrowings, Curr maturity | 1,152 | 1,700 | 2,124 | 2,409 | 2,500 | 2,200 |
| Other current liabilities | 1,789 | 2,043 | 2,843 | 3,135 | 3,409 | 3,848 |
| Total (Equity and Liabilities | 5,203 | 6,321 | 7,914 | 9,208 | 10,178 | 11,195 |
| Non-current assets | 1,718 | 1,956 | 2,464 | 2,616 | 2,711 | 2,792 |
| Fixed assets (Net block) | 1,432 | 1,852 | 2,243 | 2,424 | 2,519 | 2,600 |
| Non-current Investments | _ | _ | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 |
| Long-term loans and advances | 255 | 56 | 47 | 59 | 59 | 59 |
| Other non-current assets | 31 | 47 | 63 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Current assets | 3,485 | 4,366 | 5,450 | 6,592 | 7,467 | 8,403 |
| Cash & current investment | 178 | 47 | 90 | 66 | 115 | 214 |
| Other current assets | 3,308 | 4,319 | 5,360 | 6,527 | 7,352 | 8,189 |
| Total (Assets) | 5,203 | 6,321 | 7,914 | 9,208 | 10,177 | 11,195 |
| Total debt | 1,534 | 2,001 | 2,426 | 2,946 | 3,000 | 2,650 |
| Capital employed | 3,414 | 4,279 | 5,071 | 6,073 | 6,769 | 7,348 |

Cash Flow

| Period end (Rs mn) | Mar 12 | Mar 13 | Mar 14 | Mar 15 | Mar 16E | Mar 17E |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| Profit before tax | 429 | 464 | 487 | 642 | 909 | 1,284 |
| Depreciation | 24 | 58 | 67 | 142 | 155 | 169 |
| Change in working capital | (814) | (560) | (234) | (884) | (552) | (398) |
| Total tax paid | (91) | (38) | (56) | (70) | (200) | (283) |
| Others | 111 | 171 | 265 | 327 | 334 | 294 |
| Cash flow from oper. (a) | (342) | 95 | 527 | 157 | 646 | 1,067 |
| Capital expenditure | (550) | (478) | (457) | (322) | (250) | (250) |
| Change in investments | _ | _ | (111) | (0) | _ | _ |
| Others | 5 | (15) | (11) | 45 | 5 | 5 |
| Cash flow from inv. (b) | (544) | (492) | (579) | (277) | (245) | (245) |
| Free cash flow (a+b) | (886) | (397) | (52) | (121) | 401 | 822 |
| Debt raised/(repaid) | 1,191 | 467 | 426 | 520 | 54 | (350) |
| Dividend (incl. tax) | (37) | (45) | (45) | (55) | (66) | (73) |
| Others | (129) | (156) | (286) | (368) | (339) | (299) |
| Cash flow from fin. (c) | 1,026 | 266 | 95 | 96 | (351) | (722) |
| Net chg in cash (a+b+c) | 140 | (131) | 43 | (25) | 49 | 99 |

| Income Statement | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| Period end (Rs mn) | Mar 14 | Mar 15 | Mar 16E | Mar 17E |
| Net sales | 8,641 | 9,642 | 11,544 | 13,680 |
| Growth (%) | 40.1 | 11.6 | 19.7 | 18.5 |
| Operating expenses | (7,823) | (8,531) | (10,147) | (11,932) |
| Operating profit | 818 | 1,111 | 1,397 | 1,748 |
| EBITDA | 818 | 1,111 | 1,397 | 1,748 |
| Growth (%) | 18.0 | 35.8 | 25.8 | 25.1 |
| Depreciation | (67) | (142) | (155) | (169) |
| Other income | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| EBIT | 756 | 973 | 1,248 | 1,584 |
| Finance cost | (269) | (332) | (339) | (299) |
| Profit before tax | 487 | 642 | 909 | 1,284 |
| Tax (current + deferred) | (87) | (93) | (200) | (283) |
| P/(L) for the period | 399 | 549 | 709 | 1,002 |
| Reported Profit/(Loss) | 399 | 549 | 709 | 1,002 |
| Adjusted net profit | 399 | 549 | 709 | 1,002 |
| Growth (%) | 13.1 | 37.3 | 29.2 | 41.4 |

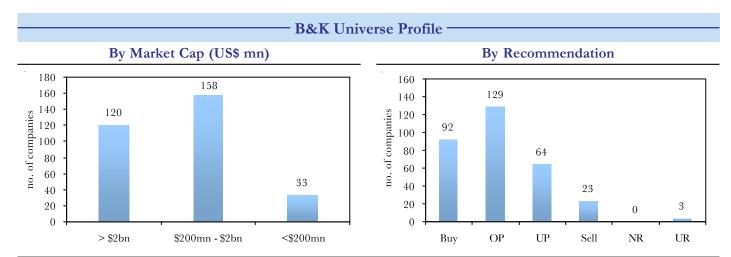
| Balance Sheet | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| Period end (Rs mn) | Mar 14 | Mar 15 | Mar 16E | Mar 17E |
| Share capital | 127 | 127 | 190 | 190 |
| Reserves & surplus | 2,339 | 2,799 | 3,378 | 4,306 |
| Shareholders' funds | 2,466 | 2,926 | 3,568 | 4,497 |
| Non-current liabilities | 481 | 738 | 701 | 651 |
| Long-term borrowings | 302 | 537 | 500 | 450 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 179 | 201 | 201 | 201 |
| Current liabilities | 4,967 | 5,544 | 5,909 | 6,048 |
| ST borrowings, Curr maturity | 2,124 | 2,409 | 2,500 | 2,200 |
| Other current liabilities | 2,843 | 3,135 | 3,409 | 3,848 |
| Total (Equity and Liab.) | 7,914 | 9,208 | 10,178 | 11,195 |
| Non-current assets | 2,464 | 2,616 | 2,711 | 2,792 |
| Fixed assets (Net block) | 2,243 | 2,424 | 2,519 | 2,600 |
| Non-current Investments | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 |
| Long-term loans and advance | s 47 | 59 | 59 | 59 |
| Other non-current assets | 63 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Current assets | 5,450 | 6,592 | 7,467 | 8,403 |
| Cash & current investment | 90 | 66 | 115 | 214 |
| Other current assets | 5,360 | 6,527 | 7,352 | 8,189 |
| Total (Assets) | 7,914 | 9,208 | 10,177 | 11,195 |
| Total debt | 2,426 | 2,946 | 3,000 | 2,650 |
| Capital employed | 5,071 | 6,073 | 6,769 | 7,348 |

| Cash Flow Statement | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Period end (Rs mn) | Mar 14 | Mar 15 | Mar 16E | Mar 17E | | | | | |
| Profit before tax | 487 | 642 | 909 | 1,284 | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 67 | 142 | 155 | 169 | | | | | |
| Change in working capital | (234) | (884) | (552) | (398) | | | | | |
| Total tax paid | (56) | (70) | (200) | (283) | | | | | |
| Others | 265 | 327 | 334 | 294 | | | | | |
| Cash flow from oper. (a) | 527 | 157 | 646 | 1,067 | | | | | |
| Capital expenditure | (457) | (322) | (250) | (250) | | | | | |
| Change in investments | (111) | (0) | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| Others | (11) | 45 | 5 | 5 | | | | | |
| Cash flow from inv. (b) | (579) | (277) | (245) | (245) | | | | | |
| Free cash flow (a+b) | (52) | (121) | 401 | 822 | | | | | |
| Debt raised/(repaid) | 426 | 520 | 54 | (350) | | | | | |
| Dividend (incl. tax) | (45) | (55) | (66) | (73) | | | | | |
| Others | (286) | (368) | (339) | (299) | | | | | |
| Cash flow from fin. (c) | 95 | 96 | (351) | (722) | | | | | |
| Net chg in cash (a+b+c) | 43 | (25) | 49 | 99 | | | | | |

| Key Ratios | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| Period end (%) | Mar 14 | Mar 15 | Mar 16E | Mar 17E |
| Adjusted EPS (Rs) | 21.0 | 28.8 | 37.2 | 52.7 |
| Growth | 13.1 | 37.2 | 29.2 | 41.4 |
| CEPS (Rs) | 24.5 | 36.3 | 45.5 | 61.6 |
| Book NAV/share (Rs) | 194.4 | 153.8 | 187.5 | 236.4 |
| Dividend/share (Rs) | 3.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.3 |
| Dividend payout ratio | 11.1 | 10.1 | 9.4 | 7.3 |
| EBITDA margin | 9.5 | 11.5 | 12.1 | 12.8 |
| EBIT margin | 8.7 | 10.1 | 10.8 | 11.6 |
| Tax rate | 17.9 | 14.5 | 22.0 | 22.0 |
| RoCE | 16.2 | 17.5 | 19.4 | 22.4 |
| $Total\ debt/Equity\ (x)$ | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| Net debt/Equity (x) | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| Du Pont Analysis - ROE | | | | |
| Net margin | 4.6 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 7.3 |
| Asset turnover (x) | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| $Leverage\ factor\ (x)$ | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| Return on equity | 17.4 | 20.3 | 21.8 | 24.8 |

| Valuations | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Period end (x) | Mar 14 | Mar 15 | Mar 16E | Mar 17E | | |
| PER | 4.7 | 15.9 | 13.0 | 9.2 | | |
| PCE | 4.0 | 12.6 | 10.7 | 7.9 | | |
| Price/Book | 0.8 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.0 | | |
| Yield (%) | 2.0 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | | |
| EV/EBITDA | 5.1 | 10.4 | 8.7 | 6.7 | | |

B&K Research June 2015



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B&KInvestment Ratings.

| | LARGE CAP (Market Cap > USD 2 bn) | MID CAP (Market Cap of USD 200 mn to USD 2 bn) | SMALL CAP (Market Cap <usd 200="" mn)<="" th=""></usd> |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| BUY | >+20% (absolute returns) | >+25% (absolute returns) | >+30% (absolute returns) |
| OUTPERFORMER | +10% to +20% | +15% to +25% | +20% to +30% |
| UNDERPERFORMER | +10% to -10% | +15% to -15% | +20% to -20% |
| SELL | <-10% (absolute returns) | <-15% (absolute returns) | <-20% (absolute returns) |

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|--|--------|
| Other financial interest in the issuer | None |
| Other material conflict of interest | None |
| Compensation/benefits received from issuer/3 rd Parties in past 12 months: | |
| Public offerings managed/co-managed for issuer | None |
| Fees for merchant banking, investment banking or brokerage services (as percentage of issuer's turnover) | < 0.1% |
| Compensation for other services (as percentage of issuer's turnover) | < 0.1% |
| Analyst service as officer, director or employee of the issuer | None |
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